

**Exam 3**  
**Math 131-01**

**Name** \_\_\_\_\_  
**Calculus I**

**November 5, 2018**

---

**Guidelines**

- **Calculators are not allowed.**
  - Read the questions carefully. You have 50 minutes; use your time wisely.
  - You may leave your answers in symbolic form, like  $\sqrt{3}$  or  $\ln(2)$ , unless they simplify further like  $\sqrt{9} = 3$  or  $\cos(3\pi/4) = -\sqrt{2}/2$ .
  - Put a box around your final answers when relevant.
  - Show all steps in your solutions and make your reasoning clear. Answers with no explanation will not receive full credit, even when correct.
  - Use the space provided. If necessary, write "see other side" and continue working on the back of the same page.
- 

1. (8 points) To be completed once exams are graded and returned. Please correct any problem with points deducted. All corrections should be completed neatly on a separate sheet of paper. Once you have finished your corrections, take your exam and corrections to the Office of Student Learning (OSL), and a tutor will check your answers and sign below. The checked solutions should be given to your instructor.

Signature: \_\_\_\_\_

Print Name: \_\_\_\_\_

Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Question	Points	Score
1	8	
2	10	
3	10	
4	10	
5	10	
6	10	
7	10	
8	10	
9	10	
10	10	
Total:	98	

2. (10 points) Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow \pi/2} \frac{2x - \pi}{\cos(2\pi - x)}$ .

3. (10 points) Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{5 - 5 \cos x}{e^x - x - 1}$ .

4. (10 points) Evaluate  $\lim_{x \rightarrow 0^+} \left(1 + \frac{2}{x}\right)^{3x}$ .

5. (10 points) Verify the function,  $f(x) = x^3 - 3x + 2$  on  $[-2, 2]$  satisfies the hypotheses of the Mean Value Theorem. Then find all numbers  $c$  that satisfy the conclusion of the Mean Value Theorem.

6. (10 points) Given  $f(x) = x^4 - 2x^2 + 3$ , find intervals of increase and decrease for the function. Label each critical point as local maximum, local minimum or neither.

7. (10 points) Suppose  $f'(x) = \frac{2x}{x^2 + 9}$  for a function with domain  $(-\infty, \infty)$ . Determine intervals where the function is concave up and concave down. Also identify any points of inflection.

8. (10 points) Find the absolute maximum and minimum for  $f(x) = x + \frac{1}{x}$  on  $\left[\frac{2}{10}, 4\right]$ .

9. (10 points) Sketch a graph of a **continuous** function on  $\mathbb{R}$  that satisfies the following conditions:

- $f'(0) = f'(4) = 0$ ,  $f'(-1)$  and  $f'(2)$  are undefined.
- $f'(x) = 1$  for  $x < -1$ ;  $f'(x) > 0$  for  $0 < x < 2$ ;  $f'(x) < 0$  for  $-1 < x < 0$ , or  $2 < x < 4$  or  $x > 4$
- $f''(x) < 0$  for  $x > 4$ ;  $f''(x) > 0$  for  $-1 < x < 2$  and  $2 < x < 4$

10. (10 points) A rain gutter is made from sheets of metal 9 inches wide. The gutters have a 3 inch base and two 3 inch sides, folded at an angle, see figure below. What angle maximizes the cross-sectional area of the gutter?

